1	Bradford G. Hughes (State Bar No. 247141) bhughes@ClarkHill.com				
2	CLARK HILL LLP 1055 W. 7 th Street, 24 th Floor				
3	Los Angeles, California 90017 Telephone: 213.891.9100 Facsimile: 213.488.1178				
4	Facsimile: 213.488.1178				
5	Gregory N. Longworth (<i>Pro Hac Vice To Be Filed</i>) GLongworth@ClarkHill.com				
6	CLARK HILL PLC				
7	200 Ottawa NW, Suite 500 Grand Rapids, Michigan 49503				
8	Grand Rapids, Michigan 49503 Telephone: 616.608.1100 Facsimile: 616.608.1199				
9	Daniel J. Dulworth (<i>Pro Hac Vice To Be</i>	Filed)			
10	DDulworth@ClarkHill.com CLARK HILL PLC				
11	500 Woodward Ave., Suite 3500 Detroit, MI 48226				
12	Telephone: 313. 965.8300 Facsimile: 313.965.8252				
13	John J. Bursch (Pro Hac Vice To Be File	ed)			
14	jbursch@burschlaw.com BURSCH LAW PLLC				
15	9339 Cherry Valley Ave. SE, #78 Caledonia, MI 49316				
16	Telephone: 616.450.4235				
17	Attorneys for Plaintiffs and Proposed Class				
18	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
19	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA				
	SOUTHERN DIVISION				
20		G N 0.10 11.00			
21	SCOTT WILFORD; BONNIE HAYHURST; REBECCA	Case No. 8:18-cv-1169			
22	FRIEDRICHŚ; MICHAEL MONGE; HARLAN ELRICH; JELENA	PLAINTIFFS' CLASS-ACTION COMPLAINT			
23	FIGUEROA; AND, MIKE RAUSEO, AS INDIVIDUALS, AND ON				
24	BEHALF OF ALL ÓTHERS SIMILARLY SITUATED,				
25	Plaintiffs,				
26	, in the second				
27	V. NATIONAL EDUCATION				
28	NATIONAL EDUCATION ASSOCIATION OF THE UNITED STATES, AMERICAN FEDERATION				
	STATES; AMERICAN FEDERATION				

COMPLAINT

1	OF TEACHERS; CALIFORNIA TEACHERS ASSOCIATION;
2	CALIFORNIA FEDERATION OF TEACHERS; COMMUNITY
3	COLLEGE ASSOCIATION; SADDLEBACK VALLEY
4	EDUCATORS ASSOCIATION; EXETER TEACHERS ASSOCIATION; SAVANNA DISTRICT TEACHERS
5	ASSOCIATION; CERTIFICATED
6	HOURLY INSTRUCTORS, LONG BEACH CITY COLLEGE CHAPTER;
7	COAST FEDERATION OF EDUCATORS, LOCAL 1911; SOUTH
8	ORANGE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT FACULTY
9	ASSOCIATION; SANGER UNIFIED TEACHERS ASSOCIATION; ORANGE UNIFIED EDUCATION
10	ASSOCIATION; UNITED TEACHERS
11	LOS ANGELES; SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL
12	DISTRICT; EXETER UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT; SAVANNA SCHOOL DISTRICT; LONG BEACH
13	COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT;
14	COAST COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT; SOUTH ORANGE
15	COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT; SANGER UNIFIED
16	SCHOOL DISTRICT; ORANGE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT; LOS
17	ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT; DR. CRYSTAL TURNER,
18	IN HER OFFICIAL CAPACITY; TIM HIRE, IN HIS OFFICIAL CAPACITY;
19	DR. SUE JOHNSON, IN HER OFFICIAL CAPACITY; DR. REAGAN
20	ROMALI, IN HER OFFICIAL CAPACITY; DR. JOHN
21	WEISPFENNING, IN HIS OFFICIAL CAPACITY; DR. KATHLEEN
22	BURKE, IN HER OFFICIAL CAPACITY; MATTHEW NAVO, IN
23	HIS OFFICIAL CAPACITY; DR. GUNN MARIE HANSEN, IN HER
24	OFFICIAL CAPACITY; AUSTIN BEUTNER, IN HIS OFFICIAL
25	CAPACITY,
26	Defendants.

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Plaintiffs SCOTT WILFORD, BONNIE HAYHURST, REBECCA FRIEDRICHS, MICHAEL MONGE, HARLAN ELRICH, JELENA FIGUEROA and MIKE RAUSEO (collectively, hereinafter "Plaintiffs") are current or former public-school teachers who bring this class action on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, seeking redress for the defendants' past and ongoing violations of their constitutionally protected rights. The defendants have violated the representative plaintiffs' constitutional rights by, amongst other things, forcing them to pay fair share service fees as a condition of their employment. Plaintiffs on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated allege as follows:

PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff Scott Wilford resides in the County of Orange, California. Plaintiff Scott Wilford is, and was at all times mentioned herein, a public school teacher in the State of California. He has been a teacher in Saddleback Valley Unified School District for over 19 years. As such, Mr. Wilford is a "public school employee" within the meaning of the CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3546. He resigned his union membership in 2009 and has opted out of paying the non-chargeable portion of agency fees. Yet, he is required, as a condition of his employment, to pay fair share service fees to Saddleback Valley Educators Association, portions of which are forwarded to California Teachers Association and National Education Association of the United States.
- 2. Plaintiff Bonnie Hayhurst resides in the County of Orange, California. Plaintiff Bonnie Hayhurst is, and was at all times mentioned herein, a public school teacher in the State of California at Exeter Unified School District. As such, Ms. Hayhurst is a "public school employee" within the meaning of the CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3546. She resigned her union membership in 2008 and has opted out of paying the non-chargeable portion of agency fees. Yet, she is required, as a condition of her employment, to pay fair share service fees to Exeter Teachers Association, portions of which are forwarded to California Teachers Association

and National Education Association of the United States.

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- 3. Plaintiff Rebecca Friedrichs resides in the County of Orange, California. Plaintiff Rebecca Friedrichs was at all times mentioned herein, a public school teacher in the Savanna School District in the State of California. As such, Ms. Friedrichs was a "public school employee" within the meaning of the CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3546. She resigned her union membership in 2012 and has opted out of paying the non-chargeable portion of agency fees. Yet, she is required, as a condition of her employment, to pay fair share service fees to Savanna District Teachers Association, portions of which are forwarded to California Teachers Association and National Education Association of the United States.
- 4. Plaintiff Michael Monge resides in the County of Orange, California. Plaintiff Michael Monge is, and was at all times mentioned herein, employed by one or more of various community colleges in the State of California, including Long Beach Community College District, Coast Community College District, and South Orange County Community College District. As such, Mr. Monge is a "public school employee" within the meaning of the CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3546. He resigned his union memberships and has opted out of paying the non-chargeable portion of agency fees. Yet, he is required, as a condition of his employment with Long Beach Community College District, to pay fair share service fees to Certificated Hourly Instructors, Long Beach City College Chapter, portions of which are forwarded Community College Association, California Teachers Association, and to National Education Association of the United States. He is required, as a condition of his employment with Coast Community College District, to pay fair share service fees to Coast Federation of Educators, Local 1911, portions of which are forwarded to California Federation of Teachers and American Federation of Teachers. He is required, as a condition of his employment with South Orange County Community College District, to pay fair share service fees to South Orange County Community College District Faculty Association, portions of

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which are forwarded to Community College Association, California Teachers Association, and National Education Association of the United States.

- Plaintiff Harlan Elrich resides in Fresno County, California. Plaintiff Harlan Elrich is, and was at all times mentioned herein, a public school teacher in the State of California. He has been a public school teacher in California for nearly 25 years and a teacher in the Sanger Unified School District for 13 years. As such, Mr. Elrich is a "public school employee" within the meaning of the CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3546. He resigned his union membership in 2012 and has opted out of paying the non-chargeable portion of agency fees. Yet, he is required, as a condition of his employment, to pay fair share service fees to Sanger Unified Teachers Association, portions of which are forwarded to California Teachers Association and National Education Association of the United States.
- Plaintiff Jelena Figueroa resides in the County of Orange, California. 6. Plaintiff Jelena Figueroa is, and was at all times mentioned herein, a public school teacher in the State of California at the Orange Unified School District for 14 years. As such, Ms. Figueroa is a "public school employee" within the meaning of CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3546. She resigned her union membership in 2008 and has opted out of paying the non-chargeable portion of agency fees. Yet, she is required, as a condition of her employment, to pay fair share service fees to Orange Unified Education Association, portions of which are forwarded to California Teachers Association and National Education Association of the United States.
- Plaintiff Mike Rauseo resides in the Ventura County, California. 7. Plaintiff Mike Rauseo is, and was at all times mentioned herein, a public school teacher in the State of California at the Los Angeles Unified School District for over 18 years. As such, Mr. Rauseo is a "public school employee" within the meaning of CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3546. He resigned his union membership and has opted out of paying the non-chargeable portion of agency fees. Yet, he is required, as a condition of his employment, to pay fair share service fees to United Teachers

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Los Angeles, portions of which are forwarded to California Teachers Association and National Education Association of the United States.

- Defendant National Education Association of the United States ("NEA") is the largest teachers' union in the United States and one of the largest public-sector unions. It receives a portion of the fair share service fees that are extracted from Plaintiffs and other public school employees under California agency-shop laws. It also receives portions of agency fees paid by persons in other states who are not union members. NEA is a major participant in political activities at the national, state, and local levels. NEA is headquartered in Washington DC and engages in business throughout California including in the County of Orange.
- Defendant American Federation of Teachers ("AFT") is a teachers' 9. union in the United States and one of the largest public-sector unions. It receives a portion of the fair share service fees that are extracted from Plaintiffs and other public school employees under California agency-shop laws. It also receives portions of agency fees paid by persons in other states who are not union members. AFT is a major participant in political activities at the national, state, and local levels. AFT is headquartered in Washington DC and engages in business throughout California including in the County of Orange.
- 10. Defendant California Teachers Association ("CTA") is the state affiliate of NEA. It is the largest teachers' union in California. CTA engages in business in Orange County, California. It receives a portion of the fair share service fees that are extracted from Plaintiffs and other public school employees under California agency-shop laws. CTA is a major participant in political activities at the state and local levels. CTA is headquartered in Burlingame, California, and engages in business throughout the State of California, including in the County of Orange.
- Defendant California Federation of Teachers ("CFT") is the state 11. affiliate of AFT. It is a teachers' union in California. It receives a portion of the

fair share service fees that are extracted from Plaintiffs and other public school employees under California agency-shop laws. CFT is a major participant in political activities at the state and local levels. CFT is headquartered in Burbank, California, and engages in business throughout the State of California, including in the County of Orange.

- 12. Defendant Community College Association ("<u>CCA</u>") is the community college faculty union in California. It receives a portion of the fair share service fees that are extracted from Plaintiffs and other public school employees under California agency-shop laws. CCA is a major participant in political activities at the state and local levels. CCA engages in business throughout the state of California, including in the County of Orange.
- 13. Defendant Saddleback Valley Educators Association ("SVEA") is the "recognized employee organization" in the Saddleback Valley Unified School District, within the meaning of CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3546. SVEA is headquartered in Laguna Hills, California, and conducts its business and operations in the County of Orange. Its state affiliate is CTA and its national affiliate is NEA.
- 14. Defendant Exeter Teachers Association ("<u>ETA</u>") is the "recognized employee organization" in the in the Exeter Unified School District, within the meaning of CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3546. ETA is headquartered in Exeter, California, and conducts its business and operations in the State of California. Its state affiliate is CTA and its national affiliate is NEA.
- 15. Defendant Savanna District Teachers Association ("SDTA") is the "recognized employee organization" in the Savanna School District within the meaning of CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3546. SDTA is headquartered in Anaheim, California, and conducts its business and operations in the County of Orange. Its state affiliate is CTA and its national affiliate is NEA.
- 16. Defendant Certificated Hourly Instructors, Long Beach City College Chapter ("CHI") is the "recognized employee organization" for Long Beach City

- College District, within the meaning of CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3546. CHI is headquartered in San Francisco, California, and conducts its business and operations in the State of California, including in the County of Orange. Its state affiliates are CCA and CTA, and its national affiliate is NEA.
- 17. Defendant Coast Federation of Educators, Local 1911 ("<u>CFE</u>") is the "recognized employee organization" for Coast Community College District, within the meaning of CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3546. CFE is headquartered in Costa Mesa, California, and conducts its business and operations in the County of Orange. Its state affiliate is CFT and its national affiliate is the AFT.
- 18. Defendant South Orange County Community College District Faculty Association ("SOCCCDFA") is the "recognized employee organization" for South Orange County Community College District, within the meaning of CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3546. SOCCCDFA is headquartered in Mission Viejo, California, and conducts its business and operations in the County of Orange. Its affiliate is CCA, its state affiliate is CTA, and its national affiliate is NEA.
- 19. Defendant Sanger Unified Teachers Association ("<u>SUTA</u>") is the "recognized employee organization" in the Sanger Unified School District, within the meaning of CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3546. SUTA is headquartered in Sanger, California, and conducts its business and operations in the State of California. Its state affiliate is CTA and its national affiliate is NEA.
- 20. Defendant Orange Unified Education Association ("OUEA") is the "recognized employee organization" in the Orange Unified School District, within the meaning of CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3546. OUEA is headquartered in Orange, California, and conducts its business and operations in the County of Orange. Its state affiliate is CTA and its national affiliate is NEA.
- 21. Defendant United Teachers Los Angeles ("<u>UTLA</u>") is the "recognized employee organization" in the Los Angeles Unified School District, within the meaning of CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3546. UTLA is headquartered in Los Angeles,

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California, and conducts its business and operations in the State of California. Its state affiliate is CTA and its national affiliate is NEA.

- Defendant Saddleback Valley Unified School District is a public 22. school district located in Mission Viejo, California, in the County of Orange. Saddleback Valley Unified School District is an "employer" of Scott Wilford within the meaning of CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3546.
- Defendant Exeter Unified School District is a public school district 23. located in Exeter, California. Exeter Unified School District is an "employer" of Bonnie Hayhurst within the meaning of CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3546.
- 24. Defendant Savanna School District is a public school district located in Anaheim, California, in the County of Orange. Savanna School District is or was an "employer" of Rebecca Friedrichs within the meaning of CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3546.
- Long Beach Community College District is a community college 25. located in Long Beach, California. Long Beach Community College District is an "employer" of Michael Monge within the meaning of CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3546.
- 26. Defendant Coast Community College District is a community college district located in Costa Mesa, California, in the County of Orange. Coast Community College District is an "employer" of Michael Monge within the meaning of CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3546.
- 27. Defendant South Orange County Community College District is a community college district located in Mission Viejo, California, in the County of Orange. South Orange County Community College District is an "employer" of Michael Monge within the meaning of CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3546.
- 28. Defendant Sanger Unified School District is a public school district located in Sanger, California. Sanger Unified School District is an "employer" of Harlan Elrich within the meaning of CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3546.

- 29. Defendant Orange Unified School District is a public school district located in Orange, California, in the County of Orange. Orange Unified School District is an "employer" of Jelena Figueroa within the meaning of CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3546.
- 30. Defendant Los Angeles Unified School District is a public school district located in Los Angeles, California. Los Angeles Unified School District is an "employer" of Michael Rauseo within the meaning of CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3546.
- 31. Defendant school superintendents and chancellors are the executive officers in charge of the school districts that employ Plaintiffs, pay Plaintiffs' wages, and process all deductions therefrom, including union dues and fair share service fees pursuant to agency shop arrangements authorized under Chapter 10.7 of Division 4 of Title I of the CAL. GOV'T. CODE and CAL. EDUC. CODE § 45061. Defendant school superintendents are sued in their official capacity.
- 32. Defendant Dr. Crystal Turner ("<u>Turner</u>") is the superintendent of the Saddleback Valley Unified School District in the County of Orange, and is the executive officer who implements the deduction of fair share service fees from the paychecks of Plaintiff Scott Wilford.
- 33. Defendant Tim Hire ("<u>Hire"</u>) is the superintendent of the Exeter Unified School District, and is the executive officer who implements the deduction of fair share service fees from the paychecks of Plaintiff Bonnie Hayhurst.
- 34. Defendant Dr. Sue Johnson ("<u>Johnson</u>") is the superintendent of the Savanna School District in the County of Orange, and is the executive officer who implemented the deduction of fair share service fees from the paychecks of Plaintiff Rebecca Friedrichs.
- 35. Defendant Dr. Reagan Romali ("<u>Romali</u>") is the superintendent of the Long Beach Community College District in the County of Orange, and is the

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executive officer who implements the deduction of fair share service fees from the paychecks of Plaintiff Michael Monge.

- Defendant Dr. John Weispfenning ("Weispfenning") is the chancellor 36. of the Coast Community College District in the County of Orange, and is the executive officer who implements the deduction of fair share service fees from the paychecks of Plaintiff Michael Monge.
- Defendant Dr. Kathleen Burke ("Burke") is the chancellor of the 37. South Orange County Community College District in the County of Orange, and is the executive officer who implements the deduction of fair share service fees from the paychecks of Plaintiff Michael Monge.
- Defendant Matthew Navo ("Navo") is the superintendent of the 38. Sanger Unified School District, and is the executive officer who implements the deduction of fair share service fees from the paychecks of Plaintiff Harlan Elrich.
- 39. Defendant Dr. Gunn Marie Hansen ("Hansen") is the superintendent of the Orange Unified School District in the County of Orange, and is the executive officer who implements the deduction of fair share service fees from the paychecks of Plaintiff Jelena Figueroa.
- Defendant Austin Beutner ("Beutner") is the superintendent of the 40. Los Angeles Unified School District, and is the executive officer who implements the deduction of fair share service fees from the paychecks of Plaintiff Michael Rauseo.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- The Court has subject-matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 41. 1343, 1367, and 2201.
- Venue is proper under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b)(1) and (2) because one or 42. more of the defendants reside in this judicial district and all defendants are residents of this State (within the meaning 28 U.S.C. § 1391(c)) and because a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claim occurred, and a

substantial part of property that is the subject of this action is situated, in this judicial district.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

- 43. Under CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3543(a), the public school employees of each of the Defendant school districts chose to be represented by the corresponding Defendant labor union, which then was recognized as the exclusive representative of the district's employees.
- 44. Under CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3543(a), "public school employees who are in a unit for which an exclusive representative has been selected, shall be required, as a condition of continued employment, to join the recognized employee organization or to pay the organization a fair share services fee, as required by Section 3546."
- 45. Under CAL. GOV'T. CODE § 3543(a), the public school employer for each Plaintiff deducts the amount of the fair share service fee from that Plaintiff's wages and salary and pays that amount to the Defendant union representing the employees of that public school employer.
- 46. Each Plaintiff chose not to join the exclusive representative in his or her school district. Nevertheless, under Chapter 10.7 of Division 4 of Title 1 of the California Government Code:
 - a. Defendants Saddleback Valley Unified School District and Turner have withheld from Plaintiff Scott Wilford's pay fair share service fees and paid those fees to Defendant SVEA. Defendant SVEA forwarded portions of these fees to Defendant CTA and either Defendant SVEA or Defendant CTA forwarded portions of these fees to Defendant NEA.
 - b. Defendants Exeter Unified School District and Hire have withheld from Plaintiff Bonnie Hayhurst's pay fair share service fees and paid those fees to Defendant ETA. Defendant ETA forwarded portions of these fees to Defendant CTA and either Defendant ETA or Defendant CTA forwarded portions of these fees to Defendant NEA.

- c. Defendants Savanna School District and Johnson have withheld from Plaintiff Rebecca Friedrichs's pay fair share service fees and paid those fees to Defendant SDTA. Defendant SDTA forwarded portions of these fees to Defendant CTA and either Defendant SDTA or Defendant CTA forwarded portions of these fees to Defendant NEA.
- d. Defendants Long Beach Community College District and Romali have withheld from Plaintiff Michael Monge's pay fair share service fees and paid those fees to Defendant CHI. Defendant CHI forwarded portions of these fees to Defendant CCA, either Defendant CHI or Defendant CCA forwarded portions of these fees to Defendant CTA, and either Defendant CHI or Defendant CCA or Defendant CTA forwarded portions of these fees to Defendant NEA.
- e. Defendants Coast Community College District and Weispfenning have withheld from Plaintiff Michael Monge's pay fair share service fees and paid those fees to Defendant CFE. Defendant CFE forwarded portions of these fees to Defendant CFT and either Defendant CFE or Defendant CFT forwarded portions of these fees to Defendant AFT.
- f. Defendants South Orange County Community College District and Burke have withheld from Plaintiff Michael Monge's pay fair share service fees and paid those fees to Defendant SOCCCDFA. Defendant SOCCCDFA forwarded portions of these fees to Defendant CCA, either Defendant SOCCCDFA or Defendant CCA forwarded portions of these fees to Defendant CTA, either Defendant SOCCCDFA or Defendant CCA or Defendant CTA forwarded portions of these fees to Defendant NEA.
- g. Defendants Sanger Unified School District and Navo have withheld from Plaintiff Harlan Elrich's pay fair share service fees and paid those fees to Defendant SUTA. Defendant SUTA forwarded portions of these fees to Defendant CTA and either Defendant SUTA or Defendant CTA

forwarded portions of these fees to Defendant NEA.

- h. Defendants Orange Unified School District and Hansen have withheld from Plaintiff Jelena Figueroa's pay fair share service fees and paid those to Defendant OUEA. Defendant OUEA forwarded portions of these fees to Defendant CTA and either Defendant OUEA or Defendant CTA forwarded portions of these fees to Defendant NEA.
- i. Defendants Los Angeles Unified School District and Beutner have withheld from Plaintiff Michael Rauseo's pay fair share service fees and paid those to Defendant UTLA. Defendant UTLA forwarded portions of these fees to Defendant CTA and either Defendant UTLA or Defendant CTA forwarded portions of these fees to Defendant NEA.
- 47. Defendants SVEA, ETA, SDTA, CHI, CFE, SOCCCDFA, SUTA, OUEA, and UTLA are collectively referred to as the "Local Unions." Defendants CTA, CFT, and CCA are referred to as the "State Unions." Defendants NEA and AFT are referred to as the "National Unions."
- 48. This agency-fee scheme violates the free speech rights of Plaintiffs by compelling them to subsidize private speech on matters of substantial public concern, as the Supreme Court recognized in *Janus v. AFSCME*, --- U.S. ---, 2018 WL 312785 (June 27, 2018). No compelling or otherwise sufficient governmental interest justifies the compulsory political representation imposed on teachers. *Id.* at *11-14. As a result, "public-sector agency-shop arrangements" like those here "violate the First Amendment." *Id.* at *23.
- 49. The representative plaintiffs are bringing this action at this time to preserve the class members' ability to seek retrospective relief against the defendants for as far back as the applicable statutes of limitations will allow.

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

50. The representative plaintiffs bring this class action under Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(1)(A), (b)(2), and (b)(3). The class comprises each individual who: (1) is

- not a member of a union; (2) has had fair share service fees or union agency fees deducted from the money paid to him/her by his/her employer, which fees have been remitted to one of the Local, State, or National Unions; and (3) has not affirmatively consented in writing to pay the fees. The class includes everyone who comes within the class definition at any time covered by the claims and until the conclusion of this action.
 - 51. The representative plaintiffs also assert the following subclasses:
 - a. The "NEA Subclass" comprises each individual who: (1) is not a member of a union; (2) has had fair share service fees or union agency fees deducted from the money paid to him/her by his/her employer, which fees have been remitted to NEA; and (3) has not affirmatively consented in writing to pay the fees.
 - b. The "AFT Subclass" comprises each individual who: (1) is not a member of a union; (2) has had fair share service fees or union agency fees deducted from the money paid to him/her by his/her employer, which fees have been remitted to AFT; and (3) has not affirmatively consented in writing to pay the fees.
 - c. The "CTA Subclass" comprises each individual who: (1) is not a member of a union; (2) has had fair share service fees deducted from the money paid to him/her by his/her employer, which fees have been remitted to CTA; and (3) has not affirmatively consented in writing to pay the fees.
 - d. The "CFT Subclass" comprises each individual who: (1) is not a member of a union; (2) has had fair share service fees deducted from the money paid to him/her by his/her employer, which fees have been remitted CFT; and (3) has not affirmatively consented in writing to pay the fees.
 - e. The "CCA Subclass" comprises each individual who: (1) is not a member of a union; (2) has had fair share service fees deducted from the money paid to him/her by his/her employer, which fees have been remitted CCA; and

- (3) has not affirmatively consented in writing to pay the fees.
- f. The "SVEA Subclass" comprises each individual who: (1) is not a member of a union; (2) has had fair share service fees deducted from the money paid to him/her by his/her employer, which fees have been remitted to SVEA; and (3) has not affirmatively consented in writing to pay the fees.
- g. The "ETA Subclass" comprises each individual who: (1) is not a member of a union; (2) has had fair share service fees deducted from the money paid to him/her by his/her employer, which fees have been remitted to ETA; and (3) has not affirmatively consented in writing to pay the fees.
- h. The "SDTA Subclass" comprises each individual who: (1) is not a member of a union; (2) has had fair share service fees deducted from the money paid to him/her by his/her employer, which fees have been remitted to SDTA; and (3) has not affirmatively consented in writing to pay the fees.
- i. The "CHI Subclass" comprises each individual who: (1) is not a member of a union; (2) has had fair share service fees deducted from the money paid to him/her by his/her employer, which fees have been remitted to CHI; and (3) has not affirmatively consented in writing to pay the fees.
- j. The "CFE Subclass" comprises each individual who: (1) is not a member of a union; (2) has had fair share service fees deducted from the money paid to him/her by his/her employer, which fees have been remitted to CFE; and (3) has not affirmatively consented in writing to pay the fees.
- k. The "SOCCCDFA Subclass" comprises each individual who: (1) is not a member of a union; (2) has had fair share service fees deducted from the money paid to him/her by his/her employer, which fees have been remitted to SOCCCDFA; and (3) has not affirmatively consented in writing to pay the fees.
- 1. The "SUTA Subclass" comprises each individual who: (1) is not a member of a union; (2) has had fair share service fees deducted from the money paid

- to him/her by his/her employer, which fees have been remitted to SUTA; and (3) has not affirmatively consented in writing to pay the fees.
- m. The "OUEA Subclass" comprises each individual who: (1) is not a member of a union; (2) has had fair share service fees deducted from the money paid to him/her by his/her employer, which fees have been remitted to OUEA; and (3) has not affirmatively consented in writing to pay the fees.
- n. The "UTLA Subclass" comprises each individual who: (1) is not a member of a union; (2) has had fair share service fees deducted from the money paid to him/her by his/her employer, which fees have been remitted to UTLA; and (3) has not affirmatively consented in writing to pay the fees.
- 52. The number of persons in the class and each subclass makes joinder of the individual class members impractical.
- 53. There are questions of fact and law common to the class and the subclasses. Factually, all class and subclass members are public employees and union nonmembers compelled to pay fair share service fees or agency fees to Defendants as a condition of employment. Legally, the U.S. Constitution affords the same rights under the First Amendment to every member of the class as the Supreme Court recently held in *Janus v. AFSCME*, --- U.S. ---, 2018 WL 3129785. Among the common questions are: (1) whether the requirement of paying the fair share service fee or agency fee is constitutional; (2) whether the withholding of the fair share service fee or agency fee is a tort under state law; and (3) whether Defendants are obligated to refund fair share service fees that have been unlawfully extracted.
- 54. The representative plaintiffs' claims are typical of other members of the class and their respective subclasses because each member of the class or subclass has declined to join a union, yet is forced under state law and contract provisions to financially support the union and its inherently political activities.

- 55. The representative plaintiffs adequately represent the interests of the class and their respective subclasses and they have no interests antagonistic to the class. Further, the undersigned counsel is experienced in the litigation of constitutional deprivations, including First Amendment claims, and class action litigation.
- 56. A class action may be maintained under Rule 23(b)(1)(A) because separate actions by class and subclass members would create a risk of inconsistent or varying adjudications that would establish incompatible standards of conduct for Defendants.
- 57. A class action may be maintained under Rule 23(b)(2) because final injunctive relief and corresponding declaratory relief is appropriate respecting the class and subclasses as a whole. Plaintiffs are also entitled to recover incidental monetary relief that will not involve individualized determinations of each plaintiff's entitlement to monetary relief.
- 58. A class action may be maintained under Rule 23(b)(3) because the questions of law or fact common to class members predominate over any questions affecting only individual members. In addition, a class action is superior to other available methods for fairly and efficiently adjudicating the controversy. Among other things, all class and subclass members are subjected to the same violation of their constitutional rights but the amount of money involved in each individual's claim would make it burdensome for class members to maintain separate actions.
- 59. The representative plaintiffs, by and through their counsel of record, maintain that the class action could be maintained without notice to the proposed class under FRCP 23(b)(1) or (2). To the extent notice is required, the representative plaintiffs, by and through their counsel of record, will obtain court approval of the manner and nature of the notice to be given.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

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Violation of 28 U.S.C. § 1983

CAUSES OF ACTION

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(All Defendants)

Defendants are acting under the color of state law by causing,

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60. Plaintiffs hereby allege and incorporate by reference, as though fully set forth herein, the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 59.

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government interest.

participating in, and accepting the compulsory deduction of fair share service fees from monies owed to Plaintiffs. Specifically, the defendant school districts and

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superintendents are assisting the defendant unions in coercing Plaintiffs to finance the unions' activities, and the unions are acting in concert with a public agency and

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with authority granted by statute to deprive Plaintiffs of their constitutional rights.

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62. Defendants, acting under color of state law have created,

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service fees to the Defendant unions as a condition for Plaintiffs' employment. In

administered, and enforced laws unlawfully requiring Plaintiffs to pay fair share

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so doing, Defendants have violated and continue to violate Plaintiffs' First

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Amendment Rights to free speech and association as secured by the Fourteenth

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Amendment to the U.S. Constitution and 42 U.S.C. § 1983.

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imposing compulsory fair share service fees on public employees who do not wish

State law and collective-bargaining agreements permitting and

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to associate or support a union are not narrowly tailored to serve a compelling

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64. By compelling the representative Plaintiffs and the class members to

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financially support the unions, including for purposes of speaking to, petitioning,

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and otherwise lobbying the State and its officials with respect to political matters

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such as the negotiation and enforcement of collective bargaining rights and

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obligations, Defendants are abridging and violating the rights of the representative Plaintiffs and the class members to freedom of association and freedom of speech,

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and to petition the government for redress of grievances under the First Amendment to the United States Constitution, in violation of the Fourteenth Amendment and 42 U.S.C. § 1983.

- 65. Defendants have violated Plaintiffs' First Amendment rights of freedom of speech and association as secured against state infringement by the Fourteenth Amendment and 42 U.S.C. § 1983.
- 66. Unless enjoined by the Court, the representative Plaintiffs and the class members will continue to suffer irreparable harm, damage, and injury for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

Conversion

(All Defendants)

- 67. Plaintiffs hereby allege and incorporate by reference, as though fully set forth herein, the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 66.
- 68. Plaintiffs, at all times relevant hereto, owned and/or had the sole right to possession of the monies withheld from them in the form of fair share service fees paid to the defendant unions.
- 69. Defendants wrongfully dispossessed Plaintiffs of monies by imposing unlawful fair share service fees against Plaintiffs as condition for the Plaintiffs' employment with the defendant school districts.
- 70. As a direct and proximate result of the above wrongful conduct of Defendants, Plaintiffs have been damaged in an amount to be proven at trial, but not less than the full amount of monies withheld from them in the form of fair share service fees paid to the defendant unions.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

Restitution of Money Had and Received (All Defendants)

- 71. Plaintiffs hereby allege and incorporate by reference, as though fully set forth herein, the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 70.
- 72. The defendant unions received monies in the form of unlawful fair share service fees from Plaintiffs.
- 73. Defendants' imposition and collection of the fair share service fees violates Plaintiffs' First Amendment Rights and is, therefore, unconstitutional.
- 74. At all times relevant hereto, the monies the defendant unions received belonged to and were for the use of Plaintiffs.
- 75. The defendant unions are indebted to Plaintiffs in the amount of the fair share service fees they obtained on account of Plaintiffs.
- 76. By this Complaint, Plaintiffs demand restitution from the defendant unions for all fair share service fees obtained by the defendant unions.

DEMAND FOR RELIEF

Plaintiffs respectfully request this Court:

- A. Certify a class and subclasses consistent with the definitions stated in this Complaint.
- B. Issue a declaratory judgment against the defendant school districts and the defendant superintendents (in their official capacities), and the defendant unions providing that:
 - 1. It is unconstitutional under the First Amendment, as secured against state infringement by the Fourteenth Amendment and 42 U.S.C. § 1983, to withhold or require payment of fair share service fees or agency fees from Plaintiffs and the class members;
 - 2. The provisions of CAL. GOV'T CODE § 3546 that allow the imposition of fair share service fees is unconstitutional under the First

Amendment, as secured against State infringement by the Fourteenth Amendment and 42 U.S.C. § 1983, and is null and void.

- 3. Any collective bargaining agreement provision imposing fair share service fees or agency fees against Plaintiffs or the class members is unconstitutional under the First Amendment, as secured against State infringement by the Fourteenth Amendment and 42 U.S.C. § 1983, and is null and void.
- C. Permanently enjoin Defendants, along with their officers, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, and any other person or entity in active concert or participation with them, from collecting fair share service fees or agency fees from Plaintiffs or the class members.
- D. Permanently enjoin the defendant school districts and superintendents, along with their officers, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, and any other person or entity in active concert or participation with them, from enforcing the provisions of CAL. GOV'T CODE § 3546 that allow the imposition and collection of fair share service fees from Plaintiffs or the class members.
- E. Order the defendant unions to disgorge and refund all fair share service fees or agency fees unlawfully withheld or collected (directly or indirectly) from Plaintiffs and the class members, along with pre-judgment and post-judgment interest.
 - F. Award Plaintiffs damages under 42 U.S.C. § 1983.
- G. Award Plaintiffs their reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and expenses under 42 U.S.C. § 1988.

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1	H.	Award any other relief th	his Court deems just and proper.
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3	Dated: July	2, 2018	CLARK HILL LLP
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5			By:
6			Bradford G. Hughes
7			Attorneys for Plaintiffs and Proposed Class
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