IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE 15TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA

CASE NO.: CACE 15-016282 (14)

GRE PROPERTIES SHERIDAN HILLS, LLC

Plaintiffs,

V.

BURKE CONSTRUCTION GROUP, INC.

Defendants.

<u>DEFENDANT, BURKE CONSTRUCTION GROUP, INC.'S, THIRD-PARTY COMPLAINT</u>

Defendant, Burke Construction Group, Inc. ("Burke"), hereby sues Third-Party Defendants, Crawford-Tracey Corp. ("Crawford-Tracey"), D&D Mobile Welding and Fabrication, Inc. ("D&D Welding"), Riteway Systems Inc ("Riteway"), US Shrink Wrap, Inc. ("US Shrink Wrap"), Daniel Massa ("Massa"), and Tony Stern ("Stern"), and alleges:

- 1. On or about September 10, 2015, Plaintiff, GRE Properties Sheridan Hills, LLC ("Plaintiff"), filed its initial Complaint, alleging property and related damages during the remodel of Plaintiff's commercial building. A copy of the Plaintiff's Complaint is attached as Exhibit "A" and is incorporated herein by reference solely to establish that Plaintiff made these allegations against Burke.
- 2. This Third-Party claim is an action for damages in excess of \$15,000.00, exclusive of interest, costs, and attorneys' fees and is within the jurisdictional limits of

BOGERT & REMBOLD, P.L., ATTORNEYS AT LAW
2121 PONCE DE LEON BLVD., SUITE 500 · CORAL GABLES, FLORIDA 33134 · TELEPHONE (305) 442-9111

this Court.

3. Venue for this Third-Party Complaint is proper in Broward County,

Florida, as that is where the causes of action alleged in the Complaint arose, and is where

this action is currently venued.

4. Burke is a Florida for-profit corporation doing business in the State of

Florida, with its principal place of business in Miami-Dade County, Florida.

5. Plaintiff engaged Burke to perform general contracting services for the

remodel of a building known as Emerald Hills Executive Plaza located at 4601 Sheridan

Street, Hollywood, Florida (the "Project") subject to the terms, conditions, provisions,

and exclusions of a written agreement between Plaintiff and Burke, a copy of which is

attached hereto as Exhibit "B".

6. Burke entered into written subcontract agreements with professional

contractors, including Crawford-Tracey, D&D Welding, Riteway, and US Shrink Wrap

to perform the physical construction of the remodel.

7. Massa guaranteed D&D Welding's subcontract.

8. Stern guaranteed Riteway's subcontract.

9. Crawford-Tracey is a Florida for-profit corporation doing business in the

State of Florida, with its principal place of business in Broward County, Florida.

Crawford-Tracey, among other things, furnished and installed windows at

the Project.

11. D&D Welding is a Florida for-profit corporation doing business in the

State of Florida, with its principal place of business in Broward County, Florida.

12. D&D Welding, among other things, furnished and installed metal framing

at the Project.

13. Riteway is a Florida for-profit corporation doing business in the State of

Florida, with its principal place of business in Broward County, Florida.

14. Riteway, among other things, furnished demolition services at the Project.

15. US Shrink Wrap is a Florida for-profit corporation doing business in the

State of Florida, with its principal place of business in Jacksonville County, Florida.

6. US Shrink Wrap, among other things, furnished and installed shrink wrap

protection and caulking at the Project.

17. Massa is an individual, *sui juris*, residing in Florida and doing business in

Broward County, Florida.

8. Stern is an individual, sui juris, residing in Florida and doing business in

Broward County, Florida.

19. For the purposes of this Third Party Complaint only, and without

admitting the truth of the allegations contained in the Plaintiff's Complaint, the

allegations of Plaintiff's Complaint are incorporated herein by reference solely to

establish that Plaintiff made these allegations against Burke, including, without

limitation, the allegations that Plaintiff was damaged by, among other things, the:

a. failure to install proper temporary exterior safety and weather

protection,

b. failure to properly install and/or negligent installation of temporary

exterior safety and weather protection walls,

c. failure to properly install weather protection walls at the building

perimeter,

- d. negligent installation of visqueen, tarps and poly vinyl sheeting,
- e. failure to repair temporary exterior safety and weather protection walls,
- f. failure to promptly correct the temporary exterior safety and weather protection walls,
- g. failure to install temporary exterior safety and weather protection walls at the building perimeter which were suitable to prevent water intrusion,
- h. failure to provide for the uninterrupted continuing Project use,
- failure to use commercially reasonable efforts not to unreasonably disturb the business operations of other occupants of the building and Project site or any continuing project use,
- failure to protect the Project site and stored materials from damage resulting from adverse weather conditions,
- failure to repair damage to the Project site to Plaintiff's satisfaction,
 and
- 1. failure to timely complete substantial completion of the Project.

See Complaint, ¶¶ 18-20, 23, 26, 28, 30, 34, 36, 41, 47, 53, and 55.

COUNT I BREACH OF CONTRACT (AGAINST CRAWFORD-TRACEY)

- 20. Burke adopts and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 19 above as if set forth fully herein.
 - 21. Crawford-Tracey entered into a subcontract agreement with Burke to

furnish and install the curtain wall and related materials at the Project. A copy of the

subcontract is attached as Exhibit "C" and is incorporated herein by reference.

22. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the subcontract agreement,

Crawford-Tracey agreed and was obligated, among other things and without limitation, to

be bound by all provisions and requirements of the contract between Burke and Plaintiff,

to prevent undo noise, obstacles and impediments to the building's continued use, to use

commercially reasonable efforts not to unreasonably disturb the business operations of

other occupants of the building and Project site or any continuing Project use, to protect

surrounding areas, to take necessary precautions to protect its work and the work of

others, to not delay Burke, Plaintiff, or others in the completion of the Project, and to

execute its work in strict accordance with the contract documents in the most sound,

workmanlike and substantial manner. See Ex. C, Master Subcontract, Arts. 2.2, 3.1, 8.1,

8.2, 8.7, 8.8, 8.11, 9.2, Scope of Work, ¶ 15, Supplemental Provisions to Project Contract

Agreement, ¶¶ 6, 16, and Ex. B, Supplementary Provisions to Standard Form of

Agreement Between Owner and Contractor (AIA Document A102), § 3.

23. If it is determined by the trier of fact that Crawford-Tracey caused or

contributed to the cause of the Plaintiff's alleged damages by failing to comply with any

or all of its contractual obligations set forth above or as otherwise set forth in Crawford-

Tracey's subcontract agreement for the Project, then Crawford-Tracey would have

breached its subcontract with Burke and thereby caused Burke to suffer and incur

damages, including, without limitation, attorney's fees and costs incurred for the defense

of this action and any and all liability incurred by Burke caused by, arising out of,

resulting from, or occurring in connection with Crawford-Tracey's performance of its

work on the Project.

24. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of its subcontract agreement for the

Project, Crawford-Tracey also agreed to indemnify and hold Burke harmless from any

and all liability for damages, including reasonable attorney's fees and court costs, caused

in whole or in part by an act, omission, or default of Crawford-Tracey or its sub-

subcontractors, materialmen, or agents of any tier or their employees arising out of the

contract or its performance. See Ex. C, Master Subcontract, Art. 12.1.

25. Crawford-Tracey also agreed to protect, defend and hold Burke harmless

from and against any claims growing out of the performance of its subcontract agreement

for the Project. See Ex. C, Supplemental Provisions to Project Agreement, ¶ 21.

26. Burke has been sued and is defending against claims caused by, arising

out of, resulting from, or occurring in connection with Crawford-Tracey's performance of

its work on the Project. As a result, Burke tendered its defense and demand for

indemnity to Crawford-Tracey and is entitled to a defense and indemnity.

27. To date, Crawford-Tracey has failed to provide a defense for Burke or to

agree to indemnify Burke as required, which is a breach of Crawford-Tracey's

subcontract with Burke for the Project that has and will cause Burke to suffer and incur

damages, including without limitation, attorney's fees and costs incurred for the defense

of this action and any and all liability incurred by Burke caused by, arising out of,

resulting from, or occurring in connection with Crawford-Tracey's performance of its

work on the Project.

28. Additionally, pursuant to the terms and conditions of its subcontract

agreement for the Project, Crawford-Tracey agreed to name Burke as an additional

insured under Crawford-Tracey's commercial general liability policy according to

express coverage requirements. See Ex. C, Master Subcontract, Art. 13, Addendum 3,

and Requirements, ¶ 8.

29. Burke has been sued and is defending against claims in connection with

Crawford-Tracey's work on the Project. As a result, Burke tendered its defense and

demand for coverage and indemnity to Crawford-Tracey and its insurance carrier.

30. To date, Crawford-Tracey and its insurance carrier have failed to provide a

defense for Burke or to agree to cover or indemnify Burke as required, which is a breach

of Crawford-Tracey's subcontract with Burke for the Project that has and will cause

Burke to suffer and incur damages, including, without limitation, attorney's fees and

costs incurred for the defense of this action and any and all liability incurred by Burke.

31. As a result of Crawford-Tracey's breaches, Burke has had to retain the

services of undersigned counsel to defend Burke in this action and Burke is entitled to

recovery of its attorneys' fees and costs incurred for Burke's defense of this action and

for bringing and prosecuting this third party action.

WHEREFORE, Burke demands judgment for damages against Crawford-Tracey

for breach of contract, to include costs, attorneys' fees, costs of defense, and any and all

liability incurred by Burke, including, but not limited to, any caused by, arising out of,

resulting from, or occurring in connection with Crawford-Tracey's performance of its

work on the Project, liquidated damages, and all other available damages, remedies, and

relief, plus interest.

COUNT II
COMMON LAW INDEMNITY
(AGAINST CRAWFORD-TRACEY)

Burke adopts and realleges Paragraphs 1 through 19 above as if set forth

fully herein.

33. At all times material there existed a special relationship between Burke

and Crawford-Tracey, by virtue of which, if the trier of fact believes Plaintiff's claims of

liability and damages against Burke, then Burke can or will become liable solely based

on the acts or omissions of Crawford-Tracey due to its performance of its work on the

Project. This special relationship is formed by, among other things, the contractual

relationship between the parties and Florida common law relating to non-delegable

duties.

34. Burke is wholly without fault for Plaintiff's alleged damages and the only

source of Burke's potential liability to the Plaintiff is its vicarious, constructive,

technical, or derivative liability for the wrongful acts or omissions of Crawford-Tracey in

the performance of its work on the Project.

35. If it is determined by the trier of fact that Burke is liable for any damages

claimed by Plaintiff, then Burke would only be derivatively, technically, constructively or

vicariously liable for the damages as a result of the negligent acts or omissions of

Crawford-Tracey in its performance of its work on the Project that caused or contributed

to the cause of the Plaintiff's damages, including without limitation, Crawford-Tracey's

negligent or deficient installation of windows and glazing for the Project, failure to

protect the building from water intrusion, and failure to prevent undo noise, dust,

obstacles and impediments to the building's continued use and to not unreasonably

disturb the business operations of other occupants of the building and Project site.

36. Therefore, Burke is entitled to common law indemnification from

Crawford-Tracey.

37. Burke has had to retain the services of undersigned counsel to defend

Burke in this action and Burke is entitled to recovery of its attorneys' fees and costs

incurred for Burke's defense of this action and for bringing and prosecuting this third

party action.

WHEREFORE, Burke demands judgment for damages against Crawford-Tracey

for common law indemnity, to include costs, attorneys' fees, costs of defense, and any

and all liability incurred by Burke caused by, arising out of, resulting from, or occurring

in connection with Crawford-Tracey's performance of its work on the Project, and all

other available damages, remedies, and relief, plus interest.

COUNT III
BREACH OF CONTRACT
(AGAINST D&D WELDING)

38. Burke adopts and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 19 above as if set forth

fully herein.

39. D&D Welding entered into a written subcontract agreement with Burke to

furnish and install metal framing at the Project. A copy of the subcontract is attached as

Exhibit "**D**" and is incorporated herein by reference.

40. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the subcontract agreement, D&D

Welding agreed and was obligated, among other things and without limitation, to be

bound by all provisions and requirements of the contract between Burke and Plaintiff, to

prevent undo noise, obstacles and impediments to the building's continued use, to use

commercially reasonable efforts not to unreasonably disturb the business operations of

other occupants of the building and Project site or any continuing Project use, to provide

dust control, to take necessary precautions to properly protect its work and the work of

others, to not delay Burke, Plaintiff, or others in the completion of the Project, and to

execute its work in strict accordance with the contract documents in the most sound,

workmanlike and substantial manner. See Ex. D, Master Subcontract, Arts. 2.2, 3.1, 8.1,

8.2, 8.7, 8.8, 8.11, 9.2, and Scope of Work ¶ 16, Supplemental Provisions to Project

Contract Agreement, ¶ 16, and Ex. B, Supplementary Provisions to Standard Form of

Agreement Between Owner and Contractor (AIA Document A102), § 3.

41. If it is determined by the trier of fact that D&D Welding caused or

contributed to the cause of the Plaintiff's alleged damages by failing to comply with any

or all of its contractual obligations set forth above or as otherwise set forth in D&D

Welding's subcontract agreement for the Project, then D&D Welding would have

breached its subcontract with Burke and thereby caused Burke to suffer and incur

damages, including, without limitation, attorney's fees and costs incurred for the defense

of this action and any and all liability incurred by Burke caused by, arising out of,

resulting from, or occurring in connection with D&D Welding's performance of its work

on the Project.

42. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of its subcontract agreement for the

Project, D&D Welding also agreed to indemnify and hold Burke harmless from any and

all liability for damages, including, reasonable attorney's fees and court costs caused in

whole or in part by an act, omission, or default of D&D Welding or its sub-

subcontractors, materialmen, or agents of any tier or their employees arising out of the

contract or its performance. See Ex. D, Master Subcontract, Art. 12.1.

43. D&D Welding also agreed to defend Burke from all claims growing out of

the performance of its subcontract. See Ex. D, Supplemental Provisions to Project

Contract Agreement, ¶ 21.

44. Burke has been sued and is defending against claims caused by, arising

out of, resulting from, or occurring in connection with D&D Welding's performance of

its work on the Project. As a result, Burke tendered its defense and demand for

indemnity to D&D Welding and is entitled to a defense and indemnity.

45. To date, D&D Welding has failed to provide a defense for Burke or to

agree to indemnify Burke as required, which is a breach of D&D Welding's subcontract

with Burke for the Project that has and will cause Burke to suffer and incur damages,

including without limitation, attorney's fees and costs incurred for the defense of this

action and any and all liability incurred by Burke caused by, arising out of, resulting

from, or occurring in connection with D&D Welding's performance of its work on the

Project.

46. Additionally, pursuant to the terms and conditions of its subcontract

agreement for the Project, D&D Welding agreed to name Burke as an additional insured

under D&D Welding's commercial general liability policy according to express coverage

requirements. See Ex. D, Master Subcontract, Art. 13, and Addendum 3.

47. Burke has been sued and is defending against claims in connection with

D&D Welding's work on the Project. As a result, Burke tendered its defense and

demand for coverage and indemnity to D&D Welding.

48. To date, D&D Welding has failed to provide a defense for Burke or to

agree to cover or indemnify Burke as required, which is a breach of D&D Welding's

subcontract with Burke for the Project that has and will cause Burke to suffer and incur

damages, including, without limitation, attorney's fees and costs incurred for the defense

of this action and any and all liability incurred by Burke.

49. As a result of D&D Welding's breaches, Burke has had to retain the

services of undersigned counsel to defend Burke in this action and Burke is entitled to

recovery of its attorneys' fees and costs incurred for Burke's defense of this action and

for bringing and prosecuting this third party action.

WHEREFORE, Burke demands judgment for damages against D&D Welding for

breach of contract and contractual indemnity, to include costs, attorneys' fees, costs of

defense, and any and all liability incurred by Burke, including, but not limited to, any

caused by, arising out of, resulting from, or occurring in connection with D&D Welding's

performance of its work on the Project, liquidated damages, and all other available

damages, remedies, and relief, plus interest.

<u>COUNT IV</u> COMMON LAW INDEMNITY

(AGAINST D&D WELDING)

50. Burke adopts and realleges Paragraphs 1 through 19 above as if set forth

fully herein.

51. At all times material there existed a special relationship between Burke

and D&D Welding, by virtue of which, if the trier of fact believes Plaintiff's claims of

liability and damages against Burke, then Burke can or will become liable solely based

on the acts or omissions of D&D Welding due to its performance of its work on the

Project. This special relationship is formed by, among other things, the contractual

relationship between the parties and Florida common law relating to non-delegable

duties.

52. Burke is wholly without fault for Plaintiff's alleged damages and the only

source of Burke's potential liability to the Plaintiff is its vicarious, constructive,

technical, or derivative liability for the wrongful acts or omissions of D&D Welding in

the performance of its work on the Project.

53. If it is determined by the trier of fact that Burke is liable for any damages

claimed by Plaintiff, then Burke would only be derivatively, technically, constructively or

vicariously liable for the damages as a result of the negligent acts or omissions of D&D

Welding in its performance of its work on the Project that caused or contributed to the

cause of the Plaintiff's damages, including without limitation, D&D Welding's negligent

or deficient installation of the metal framing for the Project, penetration of the Project's

protective barrier, failure to prevent undo noise, dust, obstacles and impediments to the

building's continued use, and unreasonable disturbance of the business operations of

other occupants of the building and Project site.

54. Therefore, Burke is entitled to common law indemnification from D&D

Welding.

55. Burke has had to retain the services of undersigned counsel to defend

Burke in this action and Burke is entitled to recovery of its attorneys' fees and costs

incurred for Burke's defense of this action and for bringing and prosecuting this third

party action.

WHEREFORE, Burke demands judgment for damages against D&D Welding for

common law indemnity, to include costs, attorneys' fees, costs of defense, and any and

all liability incurred by Burke caused by, arising out of, resulting from, or occurring in

connection with D&D Welding's performance of its work on the Project, and all other

available damages, remedies, and relief, plus interest.

<u>COUNT V</u> BREACH OF CONTRACT (AGAINST RITEWAY)

56. Burke adopts and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 19 above as if set forth

fully herein.

57. Riteway entered into a written subcontract agreement with Burke to

provide demolition services at the Project. A copy of the subcontract is attached as

Exhibit "E" and is incorporated herein by reference.

58. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the subcontract agreement,

Riteway agreed and was obligated, among other things and without limitation, to be

bound by all provisions and requirements of the contract between Burke and Plaintiff, to

prevent undo noise, obstacles and impediments to the building's continued use, to use

commercially reasonable efforts not to unreasonably disturb the business operations of

other occupants of the building and Project site or any continuing Project use, to follow

dust control practices, to provide protection of surrounding areas, to take necessary

precautions to properly protect its work and the work of others, to not delay Burke,

Plaintiff, or others in the completion of the Project, and to execute its work in strict

accordance with the Contract Documents in the most sound, workmanlike and substantial

manner. See Ex. E, Master Subcontract, Arts. 2.2, 3.1, 8.1, 8.2, 8.7, 8.8, 8.11, 9.2, and

Scope of Work ¶¶ 6, 17, Supplemental Provisions to Project Contract Agreement, ¶ 16,

and Ex. B, Supplementary Provisions to Standard Form of Agreement between Owner

and Contractor (AIA Document A102), § 3.

59. If it is determined by the trier of fact that Riteway caused or contributed to

the cause of the Plaintiff's alleged damages by failing to comply with any or all of its

contractual obligations set forth above or as otherwise set forth in Riteway's subcontract

agreement for the Project, then Riteway would have breached its subcontract with Burke

and thereby caused Burke to suffer and incur damages, including, without limitation,

attorney's fees and costs incurred for the defense of this action and any and all liability

incurred by Burke caused by, arising out of, resulting from, or occurring in connection

with Riteway's performance of its work on the Project.

60. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of its subcontract agreement for the

Project, Riteway also agreed to indemnify and hold Burke harmless from any and all

liability for damages, including, reasonable attorney's fees and court costs caused in

whole or in part by an act, omission, or default of Riteway or its sub-subcontractors,

materialmen, or agents of any tier or their employees arising out of the contract or its

performance. See Ex. E, Master Subcontract, Art. 12.1.

61. Riteway also agreed to defend Burke from all claims growing out of the

performance of its subcontract. See Ex. E, Supplemental Provisions to Project Contract

Agreement, ¶ 21.

62. Burke has been sued and is defending against claims caused by, arising

out of, resulting from, or occurring in connection with Riteway's performance of its work

on the Project. As a result, Burke tendered its defense and demand for indemnity to

Riteway and is entitled to a defense and indemnity.

63. To date, Riteway has failed to provide a defense for Burke or to agree to

indemnify Burke as required, which is a breach of Riteway's subcontract with Burke for

the Project that has and will cause Burke to suffer and incur damages, including without

limitation, attorney's fees and costs incurred for the defense of this action and any and all

liability incurred by Burke caused by, arising out of, resulting from, or occurring in

connection with Riteway's performance of its work on the Project.

64. Additionally, pursuant to the terms and conditions of its subcontract

agreement for the Project, Riteway agreed to name Burke as an additional insured under

Riteway's commercial general liability policy according to express coverage

requirements. See Ex. E, Master Subcontract, Art. 13, and Addendum 3.

65. Burke has been sued and is defending against claims in connection with

Riteway's work on the Project. As a result, Burke tendered its defense and demand for

coverage and indemnity to Riteway.

66. To date, Riteway has failed to provide a defense for Burke or to agree to

cover or indemnify Burke as required, which is a breach of Riteway's subcontract with

Burke for the Project that has and will cause Burke to suffer and incur damages,

including, without limitation, attorney's fees and costs incurred for the defense of this

action and any and all liability incurred by Burke.

67. As a result of Riteway's breaches, Burke has had to retain the services of

undersigned counsel to defend Burke in this action and Burke is entitled to recovery of its

attorneys' fees and costs incurred for Burke's defense of this action and for bringing and

prosecuting this third party action.

WHEREFORE, Burke demands judgment for damages against Riteway for

breach of contract and contractual indemnity, to include costs, attorneys' fees, costs of

defense, and any and all liability incurred by Burke, including, but not limited to, any

caused by, arising out of, resulting from, or occurring in connection with Riteway's

performance of its work on the Project, liquidated damages, and all other available

damages, remedies, and relief, plus interest.

COUNT VI COMMON LAW INDEMNITY (AGAINST RITEWAY)

68. Burke adopts and realleges Paragraphs 1 through 19 above as if set forth

fully herein.

69. At all times material there existed a special relationship between Burke

and Riteway, by virtue of which, if the trier of fact believes Plaintiff's claims of liability

and damages against Burke, then Burke can or will become liable solely based on the acts

or omissions of Riteway due to its performance of its work on the Project. This special

relationship is formed by, among other things, the contractual relationship between the

parties and Florida common law relating to non-delegable duties.

70. Burke is wholly without fault for Plaintiff's alleged damages and the only

source of Burke's potential liability to the Plaintiff is its vicarious, constructive,

technical, or derivative liability for the wrongful acts or omissions of Riteway in the

performance of its work on the Project.

11. If it is determined by the trier of fact that Burke is liable for any damages

claimed by Plaintiff, then Burke would only be derivatively, technically, constructively or

vicariously liable for the damages as a result of the negligent acts or omissions of

Riteway in its performance of its work on the Project that caused or contributed to the

cause of the Plaintiff's damages, including without limitation, Riteway's negligent

demolition for the Project, failure to prevent undo noise, dust, obstacles and impediments

to the building's continued use, and unreasonable disturbance of the business operations

of other occupants of the building and Project site.

72. Therefore, Burke is entitled to common law indemnification from

Riteway.

73. Burke has had to retain the services of undersigned counsel to defend

Burke in this action and Burke is entitled to recovery of its attorneys' fees and costs

incurred for Burke's defense of this action and for bringing and prosecuting this third

party action.

WHEREFORE, Burke demands judgment for damages against Riteway for

common law indemnity, to include costs, attorneys' fees, costs of defense, and any and

all liability incurred by Burke caused by, arising out of, resulting from, or occurring in

connection with Riteway's performance of its work on the Project, and all other available

damages, remedies, and relief, plus interest.

COUNT VII BREACH OF CONTRACT (AGAINST US SHRINK WRAP)

74. Burke adopts and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 19 above as if set forth

fully herein.

75. US Shrink Wrap entered into a written subcontract agreement with Burke

to furnish a protective barrier at the Project. A copy of the subcontract is attached as

Exhibit "F" and is incorporated herein by reference.

76. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the subcontract agreement, US

Shrink Wrap agreed and was obligated, among other things and without limitation, to

furnish all labor, material, equipment, supervision and tools to complete the installation

of the interior shrink wrap containment, caulk the bottom of all temporary containment

walls on exterior sides and caulk both sides of containment walls, and complete its work

in a substantial workmanlike manner according to specifications summated per standard

practices. See Ex. F, Scope of Work, and 3/3/14 Change Order.

77. If it is determined by the trier of fact that US Shrink Wrap caused or

contributed to the cause of the Plaintiff's alleged damages by failing to comply with any

or all of its contractual obligations set forth above or as otherwise set forth in US Shrink

Wrap's subcontract agreement for the Project, then US Shrink Wrap would have

breached its subcontract with Burke and thereby caused Burke to suffer and incur

damages, including, without limitation, attorney's fees and costs incurred for the defense

of this action and any and all liability incurred by Burke caused by, arising out of,

resulting from, or occurring in connection with US Shrink Wrap's performance of its

work on the Project.

78. Additionally, pursuant to the terms and conditions of its subcontract

agreement for the Project, US Shrink Wrap agreed to name Burke as an additional

insured under US Shrink Wrap's commercial general liability policy according to express

coverage requirements. See Ex. F, Requirements, ¶ 8.

79. Burke has been sued and is defending against claims in connection with

US Shrink Wrap's work on the Project. As a result, Burke tendered its defense and

demand for coverage and indemnity to US Shrink Wrap.

80. To date, US Shrink Wrap has failed to provide a defense for Burke or to

agree to cover or indemnify Burke as required, which is a breach of US Shrink Wrap's

subcontract with Burke for the Project that has and will cause Burke to suffer and incur

damages, including, without limitation, attorney's fees and costs incurred for the defense

of this action and any and all liability incurred by Burke.

81. As a result of US Shrink Wrap's breaches, Burke has had to retain the

services of undersigned counsel to defend Burke in this action and Burke is entitled to

recovery of its attorneys' fees and costs incurred for Burke's defense of this action.

WHEREFORE, Burke demands judgment for damages against US Shrink Wrap

for breach of contract, to include costs, attorneys' fees, costs of defense, and any and all

liability incurred by Burke, including, but not limited to, any caused by, arising out of,

resulting from, or occurring in connection with US Shrink Wrap's performance of its

work on the Project, liquidated damages, and all other available damages, remedies, and

relief, plus interest.

COUNT VIII
COMMON LAW INDEMNITY
(AGAINST US SHRINK WRAP)

82. Burke adopts and realleges Paragraphs 1 through 19 above as if set forth

fully herein.

83. At all times material there existed a special relationship between Burke

and US Shrink Wrap, by virtue of which, if the trier of fact believes Plaintiff's claims of

liability and damages against Burke, then Burke can or will become liable solely based

on the acts or omissions of US Shrink Wrap due to its performance of its work on the

Project. This special relationship is formed by, among other things, the contractual

relationship between the parties and Florida common law relating to non-delegable

duties.

2.0

BOGERT & REMBOLD, P.L., ATTORNEYS AT LAW
2121 PONCE DE LEON BLVD., SUITE 500 · CORAL GABLES, FLORIDA 33134 · TELEPHONE (305) 442-9111

84. Burke is wholly without fault for Plaintiff's alleged damages and the only

source of Burke's potential liability to the Plaintiff is its vicarious, constructive,

technical, or derivative liability for the wrongful acts or omissions of US Shrink Wrap in

the performance of its work on the Project.

85. If it is determined by the trier of fact that Burke is liable for any damages

claimed by Plaintiff, then Burke would only be derivatively, technically, constructively or

vicariously liable for the damages as a result of the negligent acts or omissions of US

Shrink Wrap in its performance of its work on the Project that caused or contributed to

the cause of the Plaintiff's damages, including without limitation, US Shrink Wrap's

negligent or deficient installation of a protective barrier for the Project, use of improper

materials, installation of defective or deficient interior shrink wrap containment, caulking

and related materials, and failure to prevent undo obstacles and impediments to the

building's continued use.

86. Therefore, Burke is entitled to common law indemnification from US

Shrink Wrap.

87. Burke has had to retain the services of undersigned counsel to defend

Burke in this action and Burke is entitled to recovery of its attorneys' fees and costs

incurred for Burke's defense of this action and for bringing and prosecuting this third

party action.

WHEREFORE, Burke demands judgment for damages against US Shrink Wrap

for common law indemnity, to include costs, attorneys' fees, costs of defense, and any

and all liability incurred by Burke caused by, arising out of, resulting from, or occurring

in connection with US Shrink Wrap's performance of its work on the Project, and all

2.1

other available damages, remedies, and relief, plus interest.

COUNT IX
BREACH OF GUARANTY
(AGAINST MASSA)

88. Burke adopts and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 19 above as if set forth

fully herein.

89. D&D Welding entered into a written subcontract agreement with Burke to

furnish and install metal framing at the Project. A copy of the subcontract is attached as

Exhibit "**D**" and is incorporated herein by reference.

90. Massa guaranteed that the subcontract agreement would be fully and

punctually performed and that D&D Welding would comply with and perform all

warranties and representations made within the subcontract agreement. See Ex. D, Art.

15.6.

91. Massa further agreed and is obligated to pay all of Burke's attorney's fees

and court costs incurred by Burke in enforcing and protecting and/or obtaining the right

to enforce or protect Burke's rights, remedies and recourses under the terms and

conditions of the subcontract agreement. See Ex. D, Art. 15.6.

92. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the subcontract agreement, D&D

Welding agreed and was obligated, among other things and without limitation, to be

bound by all provisions and requirements of the contract between Burke and Plaintiff, to

prevent undo noise, obstacles and impediments to the building's continued use, to use

commercially reasonable efforts not to unreasonably disturb the business operations of

other occupants of the building and Project site or any continuing Project use, to provide

dust control, to take necessary precautions to properly protect its work and the work of

others, to not delay Burke, Plaintiff, or others in the completion of the Project, and to

execute its work in strict accordance with the contract documents in the most sound,

workmanlike and substantial manner. See Ex. D, Master Subcontract, Arts. 2.2, 3.1, 8.1,

8.2, 8.7, 8.8, 8.11, 9.2, and Scope of Work ¶ 16, Supplemental Provisions to Project

Contract Agreement, ¶ 16, and Ex. B, Supplementary Provisions to Standard Form of

Agreement Between Owner and Contractor (AIA Document A102), § 3.

93. If it is determined by the trier of fact that D&D Welding caused or

contributed to the cause of the Plaintiff's alleged damages by failing to comply with any

or all of its contractual obligations set forth above or as otherwise set forth in D&D

Welding's subcontract agreement for the Project, then D&D Welding and Massa would

have breached their agreement with Burke and thereby caused Burke to suffer and incur

damages, including, without limitation, attorney's fees and costs incurred for the defense

of this action and any and all liability incurred by Burke caused by, arising out of,

resulting from, or occurring in connection with D&D Welding's performance of its work

on the Project.

94. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of its subcontract agreement for the

Project, D&D Welding also agreed to indemnify and hold Burke harmless from any and

all liability for damages, including, reasonable attorney's fees and court costs caused in

whole or in part by an act, omission, or default of D&D Welding or its sub-

subcontractors, materialmen, or agents of any tier or their employees arising out of the

contract or its performance. See Ex. D, Master Subcontract, Art. 12.1.

95. D&D Welding also agreed to defend Burke from all claims growing out of

the performance of its subcontract. See Ex. D, Supplemental Provisions to Project

Contract Agreement, ¶ 21.

96. Burke has been sued and is defending against claims caused by, arising

out of, resulting from, or occurring in connection with D&D Welding's performance of

its work on the Project. As a result, Burke tendered its defense and demand for

indemnity to D&D Welding and Massa and Burke is entitled to a defense and indemnity.

97. To date, D&D Welding and Massa have failed to provide a defense for

Burke or to agree to indemnify Burke as required, which is a breach of D&D Welding's

subcontract with Burke for the Project and a breach of Massa's guaranty that has and will

cause Burke to suffer and incur damages, including without limitation, attorney's fees

and costs incurred for the defense of this action and any and all liability incurred by

Burke caused by, arising out of, resulting from, or occurring in connection with D&D

Welding's performance of its work on the Project.

98. Additionally, pursuant to the terms and conditions of its subcontract

agreement for the Project, D&D Welding agreed to name Burke as an additional insured

under D&D Welding's commercial general liability policy according to express coverage

requirements. See Ex. D, Master Subcontract, Art. 13, and Addendum 3.

99. Burke has been sued and is defending against claims in connection with

D&D Welding's work on the Project. As a result, Burke tendered its defense and

demand for coverage and indemnity to D&D Welding and Massa.

100. To date, D&D Welding and Massa have failed to provide a defense for

Burke or to agree to cover or indemnify Burke as required, which is a breach of D&D

Welding's subcontract with Burke for the Project and Massa's guaranty that has and will

cause Burke to suffer and incur damages, including, without limitation, attorney's fees

and costs incurred for the defense of this action and any and all liability incurred by

Burke.

101. As a result of D&D Welding and Massa's breaches, Burke has had to

retain the services of undersigned counsel to defend Burke in this action and Burke is

entitled to recovery of its attorneys' fees and costs incurred for Burke's defense of this

action and for bringing and prosecuting this third party action.

WHEREFORE, Burke demands judgment for damages against Massa for breach

of contract and breach of guaranty, to include costs, attorneys' fees, costs of defense, and

any and all liability incurred by Burke, including, but not limited to, any caused by,

arising out of, resulting from, or occurring in connection with D&D Welding's

performance of its work on the Project, liquidated damages, and all other available

damages, remedies, and relief, plus interest.

COUNT X
BREACH OF GUARANTY
(AGAINST STERN)

102. Burke adopts and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 19 above as if set forth

fully herein.

103. Riteway entered into a written subcontract agreement with Burke to

provide demolition services at the Project. A copy of the subcontract is attached as

Exhibit "E" and is incorporated herein by reference.

104. Stern guaranteed that the subcontract agreement would be fully and

punctually performed and that Riteway would comply with and perform all warranties

and representations made within the subcontract agreement. See Ex. D., Art. 15.6.

105. Stern further agreed and is obligated to pay all of Burke's attorney's fees

2.5

and court costs incurred by Burke in enforcing and protecting and/or obtaining the right

to enforce or protect any of Burke's rights, remedies or recourses under the terms and

conditions of the subcontract agreement. See Ex. D., Art. 15.6.

106. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the subcontract agreement,

Riteway agreed and was obligated, among other things and without limitation, to be

bound by all provisions and requirements of the contract between Burke and Plaintiff, to

prevent undo noise, obstacles and impediments to the building's continued use, to use

commercially reasonable efforts not to unreasonably disturb the business operations of

other occupants of the building and Project site or any continuing Project use, to follow

dust control practices, to provide protection of surrounding areas, to take necessary

precautions to properly protect its work and the work of others, to not delay Burke,

Plaintiff, or others in the completion of the Project, and to execute its work in strict

accordance with the contract documents in the most sound, workmanlike and substantial

manner. See Ex. E, Master Subcontract, Arts. 2.2, 3.1, 8.1, 8.2, 8.7, 8.8, 8.11, 9.2, and

Scope of Work ¶¶ 6, 17, Supplemental Provisions to Project Contract Agreement, ¶ 16,

and Ex. B, Supplementary Provisions to Standard Form of Agreement between Owner

and Contractor (AIA Document A102), § 3.

107. If it is determined by the trier of fact that Riteway caused or contributed to

the cause of the Plaintiff's alleged damages by failing to comply with any or all of its

contractual obligations set forth above or as otherwise set forth in Riteway's subcontract

agreement for the Project, then Riteway and Stern would have breached their agreement

with Burke and thereby caused Burke to suffer and incur damages, including, without

limitation, attorney's fees and costs incurred for the defense of this action and any and all

liability incurred by Burke caused by, arising out of, resulting from, or occurring in

connection with Riteway's performance of its work in the Project.

108. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of its subcontract agreement for the

Project, Riteway also agreed to indemnify and hold Burke harmless from any and all

liability for damages, including, reasonable attorney's fees and court costs caused in

whole or in part by an act, omission, or default of Riteway or its sub-subcontractors,

materialmen, or agents of any tier or their employees arising out of the contract or its

performance. See Ex. E, Master Subcontract, Art. 12.1.

109. Riteway also agreed to defend Burke from all claims growing out of the

performance of its subcontract. See Ex. E, Supplemental Provisions to Project Contract

Agreement, ¶ 21.

110. Burke has been sued and is defending against claims caused by, arising

out of, resulting from, or occurring in connection with Riteway's performance of its work

on the Project. As a result, Burke tendered its defense and demand for indemnity to

Riteway and Stern and Burke is entitled to a defense and indemnity.

111. To date, Riteway and Stern have failed to provide a defense for Burke or

to agree to indemnify Burke as required, which is a breach of Riteway's subcontract with

Burke for the Project and a breach of Stern's guaranty that has and will cause Burke to

suffer and incur damages, including without limitation, attorney's fees and costs incurred

for the defense of this action and any and all liability incurred by Burke caused by,

arising out of, resulting from, or occurring in connection with Riteway's performance of

its work on the Project.

112. Additionally, pursuant to the terms and conditions of its subcontract

2.7

agreement for the Project, Riteway agreed to name Burke as an additional insured under

Riteway's commercial general liability policy according to express coverage

requirements. See Ex. E, Master Subcontract, Art. 13, and Addendum 3.

113. Burke has been sued and is defending against claims in connection with

Riteway's work on the Project. As a result, Burke tendered its defense and demand for

coverage and indemnity to Riteway and Stern.

114. To date, Riteway and Stern have failed to provide a defense for Burke or

to agree to cover or indemnify Burke as required, which is a breach of Riteway's

subcontract with Burke for the Project and a breach of Stern's guaranty that has and will

cause Burke to suffer and incur damages, including, without limitation, attorney's fees

and costs incurred for the defense of this action and any and all liability incurred by

Burke.

115. As a result of Riteway and Stern's breaches, Burke has had to retain the

services of undersigned counsel to defend Burke in this action and Burke is entitled to

recovery of its attorneys' fees and costs incurred for Burke's defense of this action and

for bringing and prosecuting this third party action.

WHEREFORE, Burke demands judgment for damages against Stern for breach of

contract and breach of guaranty, to include costs, attorneys' fees, costs of defense, and

any and all liability incurred by Burke, including, but not limited to, any caused by,

arising out of, resulting from, or occurring in connection with Riteway's performance of

its work on the Project, liquidated damages, and all other available damages, remedies,

and relief, plus interest.

2.8

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Burke demands trial by jury on all issues so triable as a matter of right.

Dated this 23rd day of November, 2015

BOGERT & REMBOLD, P.L.

Counsel for Burke Construction Group, Inc. 2121 Ponce de Leon Blvd. Suite 500 Coral Gables, FL 33134

Tel: (305) 442-9111 Fax: (305) 442-9001

By: /s/ Jeff Bogert

JEFF BOGERT

Florida Bar No. 0033601 jbogert@bogertrembold.com KIMBERLY C. HIRSCHMAN

Florida Bar No. 58881

khirschman@bogertrembold.com

Secondary Email courtdocs@bogertrembold.com mortiz@bogertrembold.com

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing was furnished via Electronic Mail through the Florida Court's eFiling Portal to all counsel of record on the attached service list on November 23, 2015.

BOGERT & REMBOLD, P.L.

Counsel for Burke Construction Group, Inc. 2121 Ponce de Leon Blvd. Suite 500 Coral Gables, FL 33134 Tel: (305) 442-9111

Fax: (305) 442-9111

By: /s/ Jeff Bogert

JEFF BOGERT

Florida Bar No. 0033601 jbogert@bogertrembold.com **KIMBERLY C. HIRSCHMAN** Florida Bar No. 58881 khirschman@bogertrembold.com

Secondary Email courtdocs@bogertrembold.com mortiz@bogertrembold.com

SERVICE LIST

Etan Mark, Esq. Michael J. Higer, Esq. Gina Clausen Lozier, Esq.

Berger Singerman LLP

1450 Brickell Avenue, Suite 1900

Miami, Florida 33130 TEL: 305-755-9500 FAX: 305-714-4340

Email: emark@bergersingerman.com; mhiger@bergersingerman.com; gclausen@bergersingerman.com; DRT@bergersingerman.com

Counsel for Plaintiff, GRE Properties Sheridan Hills, LLC

David R. Elder, Esq. Kerry H. Lewis, Esq. David B. Williams, Esq.

Elder & Lewis, P.A. Dadeland Centre II 9150 S. Dadeland Blvd.

Suite 902

Miami, FL 33156 TEL: 305-667-4774 FAX: 305-667-4664

Email: delder@elderlewis.com

klewis@elderlewis.com dwilliams@elderlewis.com morozco@elderlewis.com

Co-counsel for Burke Construction Group, Inc.